

Audition Poste MCF – LMF – Polytech Saclay

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Quick Introduction

Ralph Sarkis – PhD at ENS de Lyon (2024) – post-doctoral fellow at UCL (London)

Education

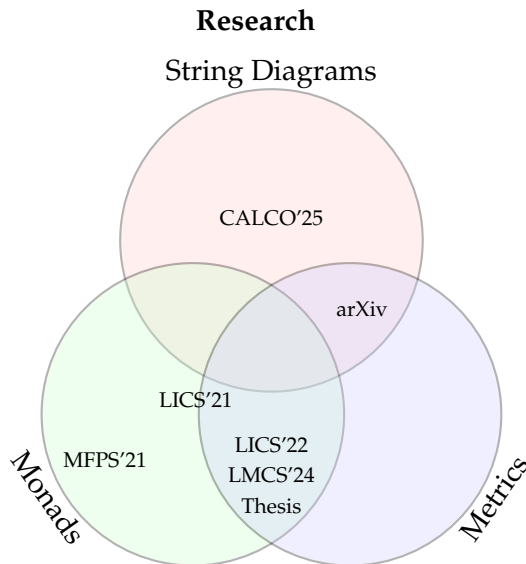
'16–'19 Bachelor in Maths&CS @McGill

'19–'21 Master in CS @ENS de Lyon

'21–'24 PhD in CS @ENS de Lyon

Teaching

- ▶ +100h tutorials and +40h lectures
- ▶ Designed course and textbook
- ▶ Outreach activities (+100h)



Teaching

Research

Past Teaching Activities

Title	CM	TD	Level	Size	University
<i>Directed Reading</i> (2025)	0	0	Bachelor	8	UCL
<i>Semantics and Verification</i> (2021–2023)	0	62	Master	15	ENS de Lyon
<i>Proofs and Programs</i> (2022–2023)	0	40	Master	15	ENS de Lyon
<i>Category Theory</i> (2019–2023)	40+	0	Bachelor+	10–20	McGill and ENS
<i>Theory of Computation</i> (2018)	0	0	Bachelor	≥ 100	McGill
Total	40+	102			

- ▶ Composed tutorial sheets (exercises and solutions) for M1 students
- ▶ Designed a L3–M2 course on category theory and the associated textbook
- ▶ Supervised student-teachers for the category theory course
- ▶ Grading homeworks, exams, essays, and presentations
- ▶ Office hours (*permanence*)

I am interested in many courses in the *Informatique et Ingénierie Mathématique* cursus. Some of my favorites:

- ★ Algorithmique I & II
- ★ Analyse
- ★ Fondements théoriques I & II
- ★ Informatique quantique
- ★ Informatique théorique
- ★ MPRI and *prépa* courses

I wish to pursue the transformation of Polytech's classes with active learning.

- ▶ Projects and SAÉ: promote independent research, collaboration, and time management
- ▶ Other novel pedagogical methods: think-pair-share, flipped classrooms, just-in-time teaching

I will foster an inclusive and diverse learning environment.

- ▶ Outreach activities to make CS accessible and disseminate academic values

Teaching

Research

Example ([Neu51])

```
return fairCoin(H,T)
```

```
do
    x = biasedCoin(H,T)
    y = biasedCoin(H,T)
while (x == y)
return x
```

Example ([Neu51])

```
return fairCoin(H,T)

do
    x = biasedCoin(H,T)
    y = biasedCoin(H,T)
while (x == y)
return x
```

As long as the bias is consistent and not total ($0\% < p < 100\%$), the two programs have the same behavior.

Example (Guaranteed Termination)

```
return fairCoin(H,T)

i = 0
do
  i = i + 1
  x = biasedCoin(H,T)
  y = biasedCoin(H,T)
while (x == y) AND i <= 1000
return x
```

The second program is very close to being a fair coin flip.

The goal of semantics:

$$\{\text{syntax}\} \Longleftrightarrow \{\text{semantics}\}$$

I have worked with

algebraic theories \Longleftrightarrow monads [MSV21; PS21; MSV22; MSV24; Sar24]

string diagrams \Longleftrightarrow monoidal categories [Lob+25; SZ25]

The semantics we are trying to axiomatize comes with a notion of distance, hence the syntax must also come with one.

Examples

The Hausdorff metric is a distance between sets (of nondeterministic choices).

The Hamming distance between lists/words.

Equational reasoning becomes quantitative by replacing $=$ with $=_\varepsilon$ [MPP16]:

$x =_\varepsilon y$ means the distance between x and y is smaller than ε

Goal

Deductive system to derive a semantic distance by manipulating syntax and $=_\varepsilon$.

Two Important Results in my Thesis

- ▶ The algebraic theory of convex algebras, modelling discrete probabilistic choices is well-known since [Sto49]:

$$x +_p x = x \quad x +_p y = y +_{1-p} x \quad (x +_q y) +_p z = x +_{pq} \left(y +_{\frac{p(1-q)}{1-pq}} z \right)$$

It presents the monad of finitely supported distributions \mathcal{D} .

- ▶ Many distances were studied on $\mathcal{D}X$, e.g. Kantorovich, total variation, Kullback–Leibler divergence, etc. The first two were axiomatized with quantitative equations $=_\varepsilon$ in [MPP16].
- ▶ The theoretical framework of [MPP16] is not always applicable.

Two Important Results in my Thesis

- ▶ The Łukaszyk–Karmowski distance is not a metric and $+_p$ is not nonexpansive.
- ▶ Our theoretical framework [MSV22; MSV24] *does* apply, and we get a simple axiomatization by adding the following to convex algebras:

$$x =_{\varepsilon_1} y, x =_{\varepsilon_2} z \implies x =_{p\varepsilon_1 + (1-p)\varepsilon_2} y +_p z.$$

- ▶ Our framework “always” applies. Given a monad M on **Set** that is axiomatized, any lifting of M to metric spaces can be axiomatized.
- ▶ Our framework also applied to generalised distances, e.g. pseudometrics, ultrametrics, probabilistic metrics, preorders, etc.

A lot of members are working at the foundation of verification, especially in the themes *Calcul, langage et compilation* and *Preuves de programme*. I wish to develop foundations for quantitative verification with applications in mind.

Probabilistic Programming

- ▶ *Short term*: Searching for axiomatizations of distances in the literature.
- ▶ *Short term*: Contributing to categorical probability (see e.g. [Per24; LRS25]).
- ▶ *Long term*: Developing a (diagrammatic) language for quantitatively verified probabilistic programs. Taking inspiration from [Ava+25] and [BDGDL25].

Artificial Intelligence

- ▶ *??? term*: Enhancing existing categorical semantics of learning (e.g. with lenses [Cru+22]) to account for quantitative properties.

My research on string diagrams could lead to collaboration with members of QuaCS.

Quantitative Diagrammatic Reasoning

- ▶ *Short term*: First examples, maybe inspired by [KTW17; BMR19; HL21].
- ▶ *Long term*: Developing a diagrammatic language for quantitatively verified quantum programs.

For Teaching

- ▶ *Medium term*: Translating the resources [CG22] and reproducing the experiments [DC+23].

Merci !

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